Untre	ED STATES PATENT	and Trademark Office	UNITED STATES DEPARTM United States Patent and Tr Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATER PO. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-145 www.uspto.gov	NTS AND TRADEMARKS
۱		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE		O01-035A	8582
10/005,083	12/04/2001	Frank Schwandner	001 0001	
7590 05/14/2003			EXAMINER	
Jeffrey Thurnau The Gates Corporation			KIM, AHSHIK	
Mail Stop 31-4-1-A3 900 S. Broadway			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Denver, CO 80209			2876	
			DATE MAILED: 05/14/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

PTO-90C (Rev. 07-01)

		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
		10/005,083	SCHWANDNER, FRANK		
Office Action Summary		Examiner	Art Unit		
		Ahshik Kim	2876		
- Period for			et with the correspondence address		
THE N - Exten- after S - If the - If NO - Failur - Any fe	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD IALLING DATE OF THIS COMMUI sions of time may be available under the provisio SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this cor- beriod for reply specified above is less than thirty period for reply is specified above, the maximum a to reply within the set or extended period for rep- tyly received by the Office later than three month- d patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	NICATION. ns of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, m nmunication. (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) statutory statute, cause the application to becom	ay a reply be timely filed of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. me ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s)	filed on <u>12/04/01 (Initial filing of a</u>	pplication) .		
2a)	This action is FINAL.	2b) This action is non-final.			
3) <u></u> Dispositio	Since this application is in conditi closed in accordance with the pra on of Claims	on for allowance except for formal actice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935	I matters, prosecution as to the merits is 5 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.		
4)🛛	Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the	e application.			
4	ta) Of the above claim(s) is	are withdrawn from consideration	.		
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
6)🖂	Claim(s) <u>1-14 and 16-20</u> is/are rej	ected.			
7)🛛	Claim(s) <u>15</u> is/are objected to.				
8)	Claim(s) are subject to rest	riction and/or election requirement	t.		
• •	on Papers				
,	The specification is objected to by				
10)🛛 1	The drawing(s) filed on <u>14 Decemb</u>				
		bjection to the drawing(s) be held in a			
11)	The proposed drawing correction fi		disapproved by the Examiner.		
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.					
12) 🗌 -	The oath or declaration is objected	to by the Examiner.			
-	nder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120				
13)	Acknowledgment is made of a cla	im for foreign priority under 35 U.S	5.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).		
a)[All b) Some * c) None of				
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.				
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.				
* 5	3. Copies of the certified copies application from the Inte see the attached detailed Office ac	ernational Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2)	been received in this National Stage (a)). s not received.		
14) 🗌 A	cknowledgment is made of a clain	n for domestic priority under 35 U.	S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).		
a) The translation of the foreign Acknowledgment is made of a clair	language provisional application h	has been received.		
Attachmen	t(s)				
2) 🗌 Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Reviev mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449	v (PTO-948) 5) 🛄 Noti	rview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) ice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) er:		

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

1. The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because of following informalities:

Re abstract, line 18: substitute "RF" with --RF (Radio Frequency)--.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Objections

- 2. Claim 5 is objected to because of the following informalities:
- Re claim 5, line 3: substitute "elastomeric" with --elastomeric product--.

Appropriate correction is required. Applicant is respectfully suggested to check for other

typos or informalities in the application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

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3. Claims 1-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Epstein (US

6,478,229).

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- Re claims 1 and 7-9, Epstein teaches a data system comprising an elastomeric product (or sleeve) 4, having a receiving portion cured therein; a transponder circuit 16, which further includes an integrated circuit chip 18 and antenna coil 20 (col. 1, lines 11+; col. 2, lines 58+) The transponder circuit 16 is sealed between upper layer and lower layer of the tape. The tape
- 5 can be produced utilizing various polymeric materials such as polyethylene, polypropylene, and other polymer (col. 3, lines 49+) that are thin and flexible. According to definition in Merriam-Webster's Collegiate Dictionary (10th edition), "elastomer" or "elastomeric" is defined as "any of various elastic substances resembling rubber". Therefore, it is the Examiner's view that polymeric substances mentioned above, to some extents, possess elastic characteristics.
- Re claims 2 and 3, the identification data tag 16 works in coordination with interrogating station/terminal (col. 1, lines 29+), which retrieves and/or updates product information (col. 4, lines 1+).

Re claims 4-6, 10, and 13, the upper layer 4 and lower layer 6 are laminated together after the chip 16 had been placed between the layers.

Re claim 11, since the upper layer and lower layer is approximately 0.0025 inches respectively (col. 3, lines 40+).

Re claims 12 and 14, the sleeve further contains a plurality of fibers or yarns 8 going about in all directions (col. 2, lines 45+).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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Claims 16-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kleinfelter 4. (US 6,386,772) in view of Mish et al. (US 5,986,569).

Kleinfelter teaches a data system (see figure 2) and the method of manufacturing a spun material comprising a sleeve 14, a transponder circuit 15 further comprising a circuit chip 92, a 10 small wire loop antenna 90, and transmitter/receiver circuit 94 for communicating with host device or electronic data logging device (col. 3, lines 47+). The RF tag 15 is attached to the sleeve 14.

Kleinfelter fails to specifically teach or fairly suggest that the sleeve contains a pocket for

storing a transponder tag. 15

> Mish teaches a radio frequency identification system comprising a RF identification tag and a pocket containing the tag, contains an adhesive layer adhered to the rear panel of the pocket (See abstract; col. 3, lines 60+). Obviously, the tag can be detached and reusable.

Both Kleinfelter and Mish disclose a RF identification tag and the method of attaching

the tag to an object to be identified and kept track of. It is the Examiner's view that integrating 20 the tag to an object and releasably attaching tag are functionally equivalent. Accordingly, one ordinary skill in the art would choose either method suitable for one's own application. For example, if cost of tag is the main concern, and thus, the tags need to be recycled, then use of adhesive and pockets may be a better alternative. Or in some other embodiments, ensuring that the tag is attached to the item throughout the manufacturing process is crucially important.

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Then the tag may be embedded or integrated to the object. Selection one method over the other does not produce any unexpected results.

Allowable Subject Matter

5 5. Claim 15 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

6. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: the claims are directed at a transponder moveably implanted into a pocket on a spindle sleeve. As

10 disclosed in the references to Kleinfelter and Epstein, identifying sleeve or identifying contents in the sleeve is well known in the art. However, the references, taken alone or in combination, fails to suggest or teach a particular structure wherein the sleeve comprises a toothed profile as set forth in the claims.

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Conclusion

I. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure: Lane et al. (US 5,983,799); Wiklof et al. (US 6,147,604); Monson (US 5,939,977(; Bunyan et al. (US 6,521,348); Bradford et al. (US 5,908,135); Dicken et al. (US 5,441,212); Robertz et al. (US 6,206,292); Santos et al. (US 6,555,181) disclose various sleeve and spindle and identification system used with the sleeve/spindle.

II. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to *Ahshik Kim* whose telephone number is (703)305-5203. The examiner can normally be reached between the hours of 6:00AM to 3:00PM Monday thru Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael G. Lee, can be reached on (703) 305-3503. The fax number directly to the

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Examiner is (703) 746-4782. The fax phone number for this Group is (703)308-7722, (703)308-7724, or (703)308-7382.

U.S.C. 132 or which otherwise require a signature, may be used by the applicant and should be addressed to [ahshik.kim@uspto.gov].

- addressed to [ahshik.kim@uspio.gov].
 All Internet e-mail communications will be made of record in the application file. PTO
 employees do not engage in Internet communications where there exists a possibility that
 sensitive information could be identified or exchanged unless the record includes a properly
 signed express waiver of the confidentiality requirements of 35 U.S.C. 122. This is more clearly
 set forth in the Interim Internet Usage Policy published in the Official Gazette of the Patent and
 - Trademark on February 25, 1997 at 1195 OG 89. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956.

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Ahshik Kim Patent Examiner Art Unit 2876 May 6, 2003

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MICHAEL 78. LEE

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800